# Avoid Hiring Mistakes by Learning to Listen

Tas it a multi-million dollar mistake? Maybe it was more. And sadly, as the head of an executive search firm, I see it all too often.

What I'm referring to is when employers hire a resume rather than a person. They bring in a candidate with exceptional credentials, get mesmerized by the individual's accomplishments or skills, and then simply fail to pay attention during the hiring process.

Consider this scenario. An interview is underway for the VP of sales position at ABC Surfactants. Elise Watson, the COO, is conducting the interview, but mentally she's still fine tuning the annual budget and thinking about her presentation to the CEO. During the interview, the candidate casually mentions he hates being bossed aroundprobably why he has gone through four wives. Distract- ed by other thoughts, Elise misses the implication. The new hire will be working for a demanding CEO and the sales force is mostly very experienced long-term employees. This is not the right candidate-even though the companies he's worked for are impressive he's rarely stayed with a com-



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pany more than a few years—and Elise is about to give her stamp of approval to what's likely to be a disastrous hire.

While this story is merely an illustration, I've witnessed similar situations many times in the real world. Poor decisions are made simply because people fail to process what they are hearing. And these decisions are expensive! HR experts estimate that the cost of a bad hire is two to seven times the individual's annual salary. But when you're hiring a Clevel executive or a technologist to drive your R&D, the costs of a hiring mistake can be catastrophic with lasting and sometimes irreparable damage to productivity, morale, client relationships, and market position. The hard and soft costs of a bad executive hire can easily run into the millions.

### Learn to Actively Listen

Do you know how to listen? I mean really listen? Hearing is one thing—the physical vibration of sound waves on an eardrum. Listening is another—the acquisition of information. But, what I'm really referring to goes a step further than that. It is called active listening. Active listening occurs when you hear beyond the speaker's words and listen for the meaning; and even more so when you search for the context, intent and feelings behind the message.

When it comes to evaluating potential candidates, especially senior level talent, no skill is more critical than active listening. Yet according to some studies, we actively listen only about 30% of the time. In other words, we are missing out on as much as 70% of the information people are conveying during the interview process. And when we miss this data, we fail to spot warning signs. As Diane Sawyer once said, "I think one lesson I have learned is that there is no substitute for paying attention."

So, how do you become an active listener?

# A Guide to Active Listening

Make no mistake, active listening takes work. It requires focus, concentration and practice. You must consciously remove distractions and learn to process content and evaluate implications more efficiently. Actively listening will very likely require some physical changes to the environment and a little reprogramming of your brain. But the effort will prove to be extremely worthwhile—not just in the hiring process, but in all your efforts to manage people.

# Here are some tips to help you become an active listener:

• Get control over internal distractions. The speed at which our brain can work is both a blessing and a curse. When our mind is not fully engaged in an activity, it tends to wander—and active listening stops. The challenge is to find ways to put distracting thoughts on hold.

If you find yourself distracted by other work or personal issues, you may want to simply make a list of these topics before the interview, so you can get back to them once the meeting is done.

Plan ahead. Before beginning a discussion, ask yourself one important question: "What do I need to learn from this

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conversation?" In interview situations, you should also develop a list of questions that will help you elicit the information you need to learn. By consciously thinking about content beforehand, you open your mind to listen for critical information.

• Write down important information. Taking notes is essential to active listening. You cannot turn off your brain, so when those distracting thoughts or questions arise, use a note pad to capture what's going through your mind. Taking notes actually helps you stay more focused, and it frees your brain to listen.

## Listening for Employers

During a typical interview, most hiring managers will spend almost 80% of the time talking. Yet an active listener spends 80% of the time listening. If you want to get better information about the candidates you are evaluating, put these active listening tips into your interview routine:

- 1. Listen to verify interest in the position. The most successful executives are passionate about their work. As an active listener, you're looking for evidence that the candidate is excited about your company, your industry and the type of work he will be doing. Throughout the interview, you should hear excitement in the candidate's voice. You should hear information about trends in your industry and/or the candidate's field of expertise. And you should probably hear a suggestion or two for improving your firm or dealing with challenges you face.
- 2. Listen for examples and experience. Pay careful attention to how candidates respond to your questions. As an active listener, you want to listen for specific examples of when the candidate demonstrated the kind of behaviors you want to hire. For example, if you're looking for a visionary leader, you want to hear clear examples of times when the person exhibited visionary leadership. If you ask a question, and only get management theory in response (not supported by specific examples), you may have a candidate who is not truly qualified.

- **3.** Listen for qualities that bring negativity to the job or the team.
- Such instances include gossiping, overconfidence, a lack of assertiveness, a tendency to procrastinate, scoffing the past employer and bragging. Odds are that a person who exhibits this kind of negativity is not a team player and could become a destructive force to your company culture.
- 4. Listen for attributes that would benefit the company. In most executive searches, two or three finalists will emerge. The challenge becomes differentiating among these talented people. As you interview, listen for (and make a list of) behavioral traits or other relevant experiences that would help the individual succeed in your organization.
- 5. Most importantly, listen for what is important to the candidate. What are the candidate's career goals? What motivates him or her? Is this an employee who is willing to contribute every waking hour to the job, or an individual who is very involved with a family and outside responsibilities? Find the answers to questions like these to make sure the candidate's priorities match the realities of the job. If you neglect to ensure a good fit between the individual's interests and what the position offers, you are very unlikely to have a successful hire.

# Counsel for the Candidate

Of course, active listening isn't just for employers. If you're in the job market, active listening is critical to your career success. As a job seeker, you want to learn about the company's expectations, the freedom and opportunities you will have, and the team you'll be joining. You want to make sure that working for this employer will be the right step in your career. Here are a few active listening tips for job seekers:

1. Focus on learning rather than just selling yourself. This advice may sound flawed; however, when you're worried about "looking good," you tend to be more nervous, ask fewer questions and miss important informa-

- tion about the job. Go into the interview well prepared and know as much as you can about the company and its industry. Ask questions about the organization, the work environment, their perspective on industry trends and the measures of success they have for the candidates they seek. As an active listener, you are looking to validate that this is really the best opportunity for you.
- 2. Show that you are actively listening. Maintain eye contact and exhibit good posture. Provide visual cues that you are listening and interested by nodding in agreement and taking notes while the interviewer is speaking. Consciously doing these things will keep you mentally engaged and enhance your active listening skills.
- **3.** Listen for important names and other key details. During the interview process, you may learn new information about people in the firm, industry challenges or competitive issues. If you are offered the job, you may want to refer to this information to help you evaluate your acceptance decision.

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